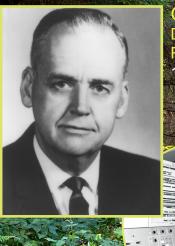


1915-2015

100 Years of Forest Service Research & Development



George M. Jemison Deputy Chief, Research & Development 1966-1969

> Pictured: Forest Service R&D

at work.

1925

1935

1945 1955 1965

1975

1985

1995

2005 2015



Forest Service May 2016

Jemison • 1966-1969

Research & Development MILESTONES

- The U.S. Department of Agriculture issued a racial hiring quota to the Forest Service. Jemison led Research and Development in recruiting minorities, with an emphasis on bringing minorities into leadership positions.
- Forest Service Research and Development established a Wilderness Management Research Unit in 1967 in Missoula, MT, following the passage of the Wilderness Act of 1964. Initial research focused on wilderness recreation, native vegetation in wilderness, and wilderness fire ecology. In 1993, wilderness research would be strengthened with the establishment of the Aldo Leopold Wilderness Research Institute, located within the Rocky Mountain Research Station.
- To aid in fighting wildland fires, chemicals and compounds were developed, tested, and became an important firefighting tool.

 Scientists became better able to model and predict fire behavior.

 Better fire science led to the elimination of the 10 a.m. fire policy, which had decreed that all fires be suppressed by 10 a.m. on the day following the fire's first report.
- By the 1960s, Forest Service research was showing that in many forest ecosystems, frequent low-intensity fires were critical to ecosystem health.
- "Environmental Forestry Research" was a new heading in the 1967 Chiefs Report.



