Lesson Plan





Note: This lesson plan can be used with any *Natural Inquirer* monograph or article.

Note: This lesson plan was adapted from *Scholastic* "Writing a Newspaper Article." To learn more, visit: https://www.scholastic.com/teachers/articles/teaching-content/writing-newspaper-article/.

Time Needed

Three class periods

Materials (for each student or group of students)

- Natural Inquirer monograph or article
- Newspaper articles
- Highlighter
- Newspaper Article Graphic Organizer
- Writing utensil
- Computer (optional)
- Internet (optional)

This lesson plan introduces students to the important components of a simple newspaper article, and then has students write a newspaper article sharing information from a *Natural Inquirer* article.

Methods:

Prep

Choose one *Natural Inquirer* monograph or article. Read the text to familiarize yourself with the content. Alternatively, choose a few *Natural Inquirer* publications and let students choose from them for this activity.

Gather newspaper articles that you feel are appropriate for the students. Age level appropriate science news articles are available at *Science News*

for Students. Local newspapers my also have simple news articles available about a range of topics, many of which may be relevant to students.

Day One

Have a class discussion about news. Why is the news important? What kind of information is important to share in the news? How do we get the news? What are important factors for determining news sources? Why

Following your discussion, provide students the newspaper articles you gathered. Direct students to read the newspaper article in its entirety, then pair off and give a one-minute summary to their classmate about the article.

Provide a highlighter to the students. Ask students to think about the essential parts of a newspaper article, including the headline, byline, introduction (who, what, when, where), body, quotes, and photograph with caption. Write these essential parts of a newspaper article on the board for all to see. Direct students to highlight these essential parts in the newspaper article they have been provided.

Day Two

Provide each student a copy of the chosen *Natural Inquirer* text. Also provide the students a copy of the Newspaper Article Graphic Organizer. Direct students to first read the *Natural Inquirer* text. Then, once done reading, have students begin filling out the Newspaper Article Graphic Organizer. If needed, students may need to re-read the article or parts of the article to fill in the graphic organizer.

Lesson Plan continued

If students are reading the same publication, encourage them to work with in pairs or small groups to fill out the graphic organizer

Day Three

Using the information they gathered in the Newspaper Article Graphic Organizer, have students write a short newspaper article. Tell students to first determine whether their article is directed at their parents or at students in their grade. Remind students that they need to tailor their article to meet their audience. For instance, if the audience consists of parents, they may be able to include more numbers and difficult words.

As the editor, the teacher should provide a word count range for student articles. Quotes can be pulled from the article itself, and if computers are available, students can do outside research for additional information on the topic.

Newspaper Article Graphic Organizer

le Title:		
Headline – usually only four or five words. It tries to attract the interest of th reader by telling them what the story is about, in a short and interesting way.		
What is the	hat is the headline for your article?	
How many	words are in the headline?	
By-line	- who wrote the article	
Vho wrote y	our article?	
	ction – It will set the scene and summarise the main points of the o, what, when, where.	
Can you id	entify these important points in your article?	
• Who is the	ne article about?	
• What ha	ppened?	
• When di	d it happen?	
• Where d	id it happen?	
Body – p	provides more detail about the event, in particular it answers the show and why.	
What else	do you know now?	

Newspaper Article Graphic Organizer continued

Quotes – sometimes ar witness or an expert) has	s said. These will be in speech marks.
Does you article have quotes?	If so
What was said?	
• Who said it?	
How are they related to the expression of t	event?
Photograph and capte explaining the photograph	tion – sometimes articles have a photograph, and a sentence
Does your article have a photo	ograph? What does it show – describe exactly what you see?